

APPENDIX 3

COMPLETE EXPRESSIONS FOR $\frac{\partial T_m}{\partial \theta}$ WHERE T_m IS THE MAXIMUM OR MINIMUM TEMPERATURE OF THE FREQUENCY-TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

The expression for the frequency-temperature variation of a particular mode of motion, as given in Equation (8) and Appendix 2, is used to calculate the temperatures T_μ where the frequency deviation becomes a maximum or minimum:

$$T_\mu - T_o = \Delta T = \frac{-b_o}{3c_o} \pm \sqrt{\left(\frac{b_o}{3c_o}\right)^2 - \frac{a_o}{3c_o}}, \quad (A3-1)$$

where a_o , b_o , and c_o are the temperature coefficients of frequency in Equation (8a) taken at the temperature T_o . These coefficients are functions of the orientation of the plate and determined from Equations (9), (10), and (11).

The variation of T_μ with respect to the angle θ follows from Equation (A3-1). The sign chosen is the same as that in Equation (A3-1).

$$\pm \sqrt{b_o^2 - 3a_o c_o} \cdot \frac{\partial T_\mu}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial a_o}{\partial \theta} - \Delta T \cdot \frac{\partial b_o}{\partial \theta} + \left(\frac{a_o}{2c_o} + \frac{b_o \Delta T}{c_o} \right) \frac{\partial c_o}{\partial \theta}. \quad (A3-2)$$

$$p + b_\mu \cdot \frac{\partial T_\mu}{\partial \theta} = -\frac{a}{2} (\theta_a - \theta_c) - b \Delta T (\theta_b - \theta_c), \quad (A3-3)$$

where b_μ is the parabola constant b at T_μ , and

$$p = 1 + a_o \Delta T + b_o \Delta T^2 + c_o \Delta T^3, \text{ where } \Delta T \approx 1, \quad (\text{See A2-5})$$

further, $\theta_x = \frac{1}{x} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \theta}$ is the first-order coefficient of the quantity x with respect to

the angle θ . Equations (A3-2) and (A3-3) yield $\frac{\partial T}{\partial \theta}$ when ϕ is substituted for θ .