

CROSS INDEX OF CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR SUBJECTS

The subjects related to the design of crystal oscillators are separated into five categories for cross-indexing. These categories appear in the following order:

- I. OSCILLATOR FUNDAMENTALS
- II. FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS
(Factors to consider in selection of oscillators—alphabetical listing.)
- III. CIRCUIT ANALYSES OF BASIC CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS
(Quantitative relations which are fundamental as points of departure in attacking particular problems of design.)
- IV. DESIGN OF CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS
- V. CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS
(Alphabetical indexing of principal factors to consider when designing for optimum or special performance characteristics.)

The primary subjects contained in the above categories are listed without line indentation. (Alphabetical listings are followed only in categories II and V above.) Subheads under the primary subjects are indented and preceded by a dot (.). Second order subheads are doubly indented and preceded by two dots (..).

CROSS INDEX OF CRYSTAL-OSCILLATOR SUBJECTS

PARAGRAPH NUMBER BY OSCILLATOR					
EQUATION, FIGURE, OR BIBLIOGRAPHY NUMBER WHEN INDICATED (All except Bibliography numbers apply to Section I unless otherwise shown.)					
SUBJECT	OSCILLATORS IN GENERAL	CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS			
		PARALLEL MODE	SERIES MODE		
				Transformer-Coupled	Impedance-Inverting
			Basic (Grounded-Cathode)	Transistron	Modified Colpitts
			Grounded-Grid	Pierce	Grounded Cathode Two-Stage-Feedback
			Bulter	Transistron	Miller
			Capacitance Bridge		
			Mecham Bridge		
			Duplex—Electrode		
			Multivibrator Type		
			Miller		
			Pierce		
			Series Mode		
			Parallel Mode		
			Crystal		
			Electronic		
			Physical		

[illegible]

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Amplitude tolerance			308 309 582			290 293 295 303 312- 316 566 567	336 343		352	357 360 361		379 568	402	412- 415								540		
Availability of required crystal units, vacuum tubes, etc.			294			294 295 300 313- 316	339 344		351		368	379		414		425						540 571 572		
Bandwidth (See also Frequency range.)		306	309 311 322 562	275 276	275 355	277 291 295 301 303 309 311 322	328 344	347 350	352	356 357	356 364 366 370- 375	356 376 381 387	356 392 405	356 406 417- 420	356	356	356 428	356 428	356 428	356 433	356 436 437	539	438- 441 442 537 538	436 438- 440
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FUNCTIONAL CHARACTERISTICS OF CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS (Continued)																								
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Frequency tolerance		354	305 310 317 582	317	355 356	277 291 310 317	328 332 339	347 349		356 357	356 373	356 387 391 568	356 392 405	356 406 414 417- 420	356 421	356	356 429	356 430 431	356 432	356	356	541 552	438 439 462	438 439
Harmonic output		596- 598	304 305 308 311 322 582	322		277 304 305 311 321 322	329			356 359	356	356 376 387 388	356	356	356	356	356	356 431	356	356 435	356 437	541 572	442 530	
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CIRCUIT ANALYSES OF BASIC CRYSTAL OSCILLATORS (Quantitative relations which are fundamental as points of departure in attacking particular problems of design.)																								
Methods of analyzing oscillator circuits																								
•Complex-function, admittance-linear-parameter method (Not used or discussed in this handbook as means of solving over-all circuit, although admittance equations are employed occasionally in restricted problems.)						281																		
••Bibliography numbers		154	149 154 212	149 212	212	149 211 212	211 212 618					211 212												
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••Qualitative discussion		267 289	267	289		267 289	267 289	331														458		
••Application illustrated		289		289		281 289	289	331 332 336														458		
••Bibliography numbers		211 466		426		232 426 533	232 426														211 212 697			211 212 697
•Linear-differential-equation method (Not used or discussed in this handbook as means for solving over-all circuit, although differential equations are employed occasionally in restricted steady-state problems.)		289	203 213 239	243 287 288	240 241	287 288				360														
••Bibliography numbers		211 332	232 750 823	232 750 823		232 823	232 750 823																	
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• Interpretation of loop-gain equation and/or discussion of basic requirements for optimum output-to-crystal power consistent with required frequency stability		267				284 286 290 312- 316	331 333- 336 339	348 349	352	361	370- 372	379	395- 402 404	408 411- 413	421 422	424 425	429	430	432	434	436	540 548	438 439	438 439
• A-C current and voltage limitations due to presence of crystal unit in circuit			294			277 282 284 286 290 293- 295 300 303 312- 316	277 336 339	349		361 362		379 387	402 403	412 415								540		
• Bias voltage limitations due to presence of crystal unit in circuit			245 294 303	271		282 286 293- 295 300 303 312- 315	339			359 362		379	405	412 413 415										
• Fixing electrical characteristics of limiter (vacuum tube, thermistor, etc) from loop-gain equation, crystal-unit limitations, and desired class of operation		267 294	294 300 305 322	273		284- 286 290 293- 295 303 308 312- 316 322	333- 336 339			361 362		379 388	401- 404	411- 413 415	425	429				434		540		
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•Derivation of loop-phase equation		270 272 281		270 272 281		270 272 281 289	270 272 281 289 331					383			383	424	424	270 272 281	270 272 281		270 272 281	548		270 272 281

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CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Alphabetical indexing of principal factors to consider when designing for optimum or special performance characteristics.)																								
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Amplitude range		294	308- 310		355	291 295 308- 310 312 321 566 567	336 339	348 349	352	361 362	366 368 371	376 379 568		411- 413	421			431			540 541	527	
•Expected, due to variation in effective resistance of crystal unit			232 249 300- 303 308 309	333 337		233 237 290 294 295 300- 303 308 309 312- 316	233 237 308 336 343			361 362		379 387	401 402	412- 415						343			436
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•With variation in gain of stage										360	373	379										540		
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•Class A		298	305 308	273		284 308 312 314 315 322				359 362		376 379 387	401	411 412						434			537	
•Class AB				273		312 315 322								412										
•Class B		294	296 300 311	273		293 294 296 311 312 322								412 417										

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•Dynamic						278- 282 287- 290	332	350										430						
•Grid			296			278 284 287 288 290 291 293 294 296- 298 301 312 322 323	328 334 336	345 348		358 359		381- 383	398- 400 404	406 413				430	432	435			439	354 439
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•Negative (C _n)						278- 282 287- 289												430						
•Optimum grid-to-plate ratio (C _p /C _v) (See also Gain, op- timum.)						284- 286 290 291 293- 295 298 301 303 308- 310 312- 316 318												430						
•Oven			279 4-73			279 321 323																		

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•Plate (C_p)			309			277- 278 280 281 284 287- 290 291 293 294 298 300 309 312	329 332 338 340			358 359		381 389	393 394 398- 400 404	407 413 419				430	432					
•Plate-to-grid (C_{pg})			279 311			277- 279 287 295 311 320- 323	329 332 334 336	345			371		393 394					430	432	435				
•Shunting crystal			182 184 185 187 188 190- 196 201 219 252	208 211 212 230 231 233 243 276	205- 207 355	278 279 287 300 305 320- 323 566	332 334 336	348 350			365 367 368	376 381 385 388 391	393 394 405	406 412 414 417- 419	422	424 425	426	429	430	432 435				354
•Stray			188 201 311 598	233 276	189 355	278 279 287 289 290 292 311 318 320- 323	332 334 336 339	345 347	351	357	365 372	381 387- 389	392- 394			423 425		429	430					
•Stray, measurement of			292			290 292																		188
Capacitors						318					369	389												2-90
•Fixed, r-f bypass			245 303 307 320			303 307 320 321 324			352			382 389												220
•Fixed, tuning			245		355	290 318	329 336	345- 347	352		369	389	393							432				

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CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																								
•Variable			245 322 581			291 294 298 301 318 321 322 566	329 338		352	358 363	365- 369	389						429	431		436		439 513	220 436 439
Cathode bias			305 307			307	337			359		387								434				
Choke, r-f						292								406 407								551		
•To reduce circuit losses		294	296 297 307 309			277 294 296 297 309	339																	
Class A operation		298	305 308	273 276		284 308 312 314 315 322				359 362		376 379 387	401	411 412						434				
Class AB operation				273 276		312 315 322								412 415										
Class B operation		294	296 300 311	273 276		293 294 296 300 311 312 322								412 417										
Class C operation		294	296 299 300 311	273 276		282 284 293 294 296 300 311 312	337 339					376 387 388	392 401- 403	406 420	421						437		438	438
“Class D” operation		298	298			298	342															553 555		
Coils, inductors										358	365 369													

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•RFC		294	296 297 307 309			277 292 294 296 297 309	339	350				390		406 407								551		
•To antiresonate with un- wanted capacitance			248		355		329	347			365	376 381- 383 385 388 391	394	406 417 418	422	425								248
•Transformer										358 362 363	365- 369 371- 373	390	393 394	406 407 411 417- 420	421							542		
•Tuning		306	322			277 283 298 322 323	328 329 338 340 343 344	350		363	365 367 369 374	389 515	267 393	406 407 417- 420	421	425	426 427	426 427	426 427		436	542	438 513 515 516	220 436 438
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•Principal requirements of																							438- 440	438- 440
Crystal check points																							439 440	439 440

CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																							
Crystal current				216 232 233 594	205 210 249 594	233 237 277 284 286 289 290 293 294 300 301 303 312- 317 323	233 237 332 339	345 348	353	361 362	366- 368	377- 379	393 394	412								540 542 543	188 220 259
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Crystal parameters (See Pa-rameters of crystal unit.)																								
Crystal power			181 186 230 249- 252 256- 261 303	214 215 230- 233 237	249	284 286 293 295 296 301- 303 312- 316 319 324 566 567	333 336 339 340			359 361 362	370 372	379 387 397 399- 404 568	401 402	408 412 413 415 420	421				432	434				220 221 224
Crystal unit, major factors deter-mining selection of (See also Crystal element charac-teristics.)																								
•Availability							339				374			414										
•Drive level			181 256- 261 311	214 301- 303		277 278 282 284 286 293 311- 316 566 567	333 336 339 340 344		353	359 361 362	370	379 387 568	392 397 399- 404	412 413 415	421				432			540		
•Frequency range		354		276		277 278 295 301- 303	336		351	357	370- 375	376 387	392 402 403	413 414	421		429	430 431	432	433		539		354
•Frequency tolerance		354	215 257- 260	276		277 278 291				357		376 387 568	392 404	413 414	421		429	430 431	432				438	354 438
•Load capacitance		354		317		278	332	348	352															354
•Maximum effective resistance			228 261 583	214 230	229	278 293- 295 300 303 312- 316 566 567	333 336 339	348	353	361 362	368	376 377 379 385- 387 568	393 394 396 401- 403	411- 414	421	423 425	429	430 431	432	433		540		
•Maximum shunt capacitance											365	385	394	414 419	422	424	426 429	426 430	426 432					

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																								
•Mode of operation																								
•Fundamental, overtone				276	355	277	339		351		364 365	376 377 387	392 403 405	407 414			428	428	428	433				
•Parallel, series		354	594	214 276		277		350	351			387	393 403 405			425	428 429	428 430 431	428 432	433		550 551		
•Mounting method			24 132- 170 178 258 320 577- 579			320 566 567	339		351		365	381 385 568	393 394	414								570 571 572		570
•Operating temperature range			22 23 252- 255 304 582			277		349	353		373	387		414								540 541 572		
•Relative performance characteristics			226- 261 305	317		287 288	339 343			357 362	365	386	393 394 396	414									438	438
•Special test specifications			25 317 320 581 582			285 286 295 300 320	332 339 344	351		357 362	365 368			414			426	426	426				438	438
•Type of holder			24 171 320 579			320	339				365	381 385	393 394	414										
•See Section II for full description of Military Standards and Military Test Specifications for recommended crystal units.																								
Crystal voltage																								
•A-C			143 248- 250 320	232- 234		320 324	336 339 340 343	345 348		361 362	365 366 368		393							436				220 436

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
•D-C (See D-C voltage across crystal unit.)			320			320																		
Damping of tuned circuits			152 309		355	309 311						381 382 385 387 389		406 418		423- 425	426 429	426 430 431	426 432	433				
D-C voltage across crystal unit						320																		
•Effects of			143 320																					
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•Terminal polarity test																								2-47
Degradation of crystal Q by resistance in external circuit			249 300		240- 242	300						386	396- 399 401- 404	413		425				435		549		
Drive level of crystal			143 149- 153 181 233 238 249 251 256- 261 311 317	214 215 230- 233 237 276		278 282 284 290 291 293- 295 301- 303 311- 316 324 566 567	333 336 339 340 343 344		51 359 361 362	371 372	379 387 568	392 401- 403	412 413 415 416 420	421					432	434				510- 514
Effective resistance of crystal unit			182- 186 189 199 200 204			280 284	336			358		377	393 394	417 418		423 425	426 427 429	426 427 430 431	426 427 432	433				220 224
•Effect on amplitude			152 228 249 308 309 311 583 586- 589	214 230- 237 584	229 584	290 293 295 301 303 308 309 311- 316 566 567	336 339			361 362		379 387 568	401- 403	406 411- 415							436	540 543 558		224 436

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																								
•Effect on feedback Q (Q_1)				233 244 270- 273		279 281 289 297 298	332	348														556		
•Effect on frequency stability			250 597	210- 212 214	206 207 240- 242	279 281	332 333	348		359	368	376	396 399	406 413- 415										
•Expected range of values			199 200 202 205 209 294	217 271		278 290 294 295 300 301 312- 316	332 336 339 343	348		361 362		379 387	401 402	412 414- 416	422	425						549 551		
•Maximum value			216 300 303	271 584	584	278 285 290 293 295 300 303 312- 316	333 339	348	353	362		379 385 387	401- 403	411- 415							433 434			
•Minimum expected value			199 200	271		290 295 301 312- 316				362		379	401	412 415										
•Most probable value			199 200			295	333			362		379	402 403											
•Reducing the effects of changes in			254- 256 261 308 309 595	214 271		278 295 308 309 320	332 333	348		361 362			401 402	412 413 415							436	553 555- 559		436
Efficiency of circuit			248 296	276		284 296 312	339	349				376	405	420								541 544		
Electron-coupled circuits			279 322			279 322 327 567																		

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•Advantages of			320 322	214		320 322 565	322 439				375	387			421			431					439	439
•Design features of			322			322 327 510 567	439				375	388 390			421			431					439	439
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Feedback circuit		267- 273		269- 273		279 281 295 297 324		348		357		377 386	267		421	423						540 542 546		
•Effect on state of oscillation		269- 273 298 306	245 294 298 590- 594	233 237 244 273 291	240- 242	277 278 282 284 289 294 298 321 322	277 328 332 334 336 339 341	345- 347		360	365- 368	386	393 394 402	412 415			429				220 436	540 542		220 436
Feedback Q (Q_f)		271- 273	294	271- 273		277- 284 289 294 295 297 298 321 323	277 332	347														543 556		
Filament voltage			313 315																					
•Effect of variation of			315			315	315																	
First crystal oscillator			17 18						351															

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CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																									
Frequency adjustment			211 246 247 322	215- 217 273 317	217 355	277 291 298 317 321 322	328 329 337 339 341 344	350	352	363	364- 369 371 374	376 387- 389		417 418				431				436 437		439 445 455 458 464 509 513 517 528 531	436 439 2-66 to 2-151
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	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Frequency stability	263 265 266	267 269 322 585 597 598	274 294 296- 298 301 302 304 305 309- 311 314 315	273 275 276 287 288 315	207 275 276 355	277 279- 285 287 288 294 296- 298 309- 311 315 322 566 567	315 328 330 332 335 338 339 341 342	347 349		356- 359 363	356 366 368 371- 373	356 376 380- 387 391 568	356 392 393 396- 400 404 405	356 406 413 415 417- 420	356 421	356	356 426 428 429	356 426 428 430 431	356 426 428 432	356 433 435	356	541 551- 558 570 572	438 439 462 524	438 440 570
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Frequency stability indices			227 238 239 245	243 244 287 288	240 241	287 288	338	*				386	396- 401 404											
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•Estimating values of crystal parameters appearing in equations of			184 185 190- 201 207																					187 188 218 225
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Frequency stability improved by																								
•Antiresonating shunt react- ances					355			347			365	376 381- 383 385	393 394	406 407 417 418	422	425						551		
•Automatic frequency control								350															455	
•Balanced circuit design			245	210	245						369 374	383 387 389	393 394 404		422						436	558	452 526	436
•Broad-band tuned circuits					242							381 382 385 387		418						433				
•"Class D" operation		298	298			298	342															555		

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																								
•High Q in crystal circuit			186 217 250 274 297	212- 214 216	207 240 241	277 282 297 308					367 368	376 379 381 385 386	393 396- 399 404	413		425				435		549		
•High Q_r		270	294			277 279 282 284 294 295	332																	
•Increasing plate-circuit resistance			310			277 282 284 294 297 298	333 337										429							
•Large gridleak resistance			296- 298			277 282 296- 298	341	348				387	398											
•Low crystal drive			181 252 256- 261 314	276		277 282 284 295 324						379 387	401 402	413										
•Maintaining resistive plate circuit		269 271				277 282- 284 323	332	347 348		357	368	376 377 380- 385 387	393 394											
•Minimizing effects of distrib- uted impedances		269	186- 189 245 252		205 207 217	279	339	347		357 363	365 369 371 372 374	376 380- 385 387- 389	393 394	417- 420	424									219
•Minimizing effects of varia- tions in																								
••Grid capacitance			245			295 298				359	373	381- 383	392 399 400 404	406										
••Load capacitance			245	211- 213 217 243 244		284 295 298 301 318 566	332				368													

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
••Load resistance		21 271 322	245 322	214		322							402											
••Plate capacitance		322	245 322		242	322				359	373	381	399 400 404	413										
••Plate resistance		20 271 298	245 298 310 311			277 282- 284 294 298 310 311 323	332 335 337 342	347 348			368 373	380- 385	402 403											
••Plate voltage		20 298	245 298			277 282- 284 298 323	332 341 342	347			368 369	380- 385	403											
••Temperature (See also Ovens, and Temperature control.)			22 23 252- 261	215		277						387										554		
••Tube gain		298	245			282- 284 294 298	332			363	373	380- 385											474	
•Minimizing harmonics		322 595	245 249 304 305 308 311			277 308 311 321 322	329 343			359 363		387								435		558	438	438
•Minimizing grid losses		271 294	296- 298 301 306 307 308	273		277 282 284 294- 298 307 308 321	332 336 339 341	348		359		387	392		421									
•Minimizing load						277 278 298 567	336 341					379	392											
•Minimizing transit time											369	381 382 383 387			421									
•Neutralizing circuits			245 326			326	339					383 387 389	392- 394	406 419	422					435				

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																								
•Optimum relations among stability parameters	266	298	302 310 562	210 273	245	285 298 302 310	332 337 342			359 361 362	368	377 379 387	392- 394 396- 404	413 415 419			426 429	426 430 431	426 432			553 555	474	
•Plate phase stabilization		269 530				282 283 323						383	394										530	
•Suppressing parasitic and free-running oscillations			426								365 373 389	381		406	421	424	426	426	426	435		554	458	
Frequency stability versus amplitude stability	263		245 296 297 322 581	214 315		283 284 296 297 315 322	330			360 361	366 368		401	406 415 417- 420										
Frequency stability versus output amplitude		595 596	245 249 294 296 301 302 581	214		277 282 284 286 294 296 330	277 328 330 341			356	356 371 372	356 379	356 392 397 404 405	356 413 417- 420	356 421	356	356 428	356 428	356 428	356	356			
Frequency synthesis				276																			441- 538	
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•Methods of synthesizing frequencies				276																			276 440- 442 443 455 463 508 509 512 517 530	440 2-124
•Stability of channel frequencies																							442 458 462	

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
•Total number of channels																							442 455 463 509 512 517 537 538	
Frequency tolerance (See also paragraphs 2-8, 2-18.)	263	354	245 252 304 305 310 317 582	215 276 317	355 356	277 278 310 311 317	328 339	347 349		356 357	356	356 387 568	356 392 404 405	356 406 414	356 421	356	356 429	356 430 431	356 432	356	356	552	438 439 462	354 438 439
Gain of																								

CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																								
•Manual			301- 303 311			294 295 298 301- 303 311 318	340			362	365 366	387									220	540		220
•With load isolated			322			322															220			
Gain, optimum			308 322 562	233 237 273		284 286 290 291 293- 295 301 303 308 311- 316 322	328 333- 336 339	348		360- 362	368	379 387	392- 394 397- 399 402- 404	411 413 415						434		540		
Grid choke		294	294 297 307			294 297	339																	
Gridleak bias (See Bias.)																								
Gridleak current		294	296 300 307		254	284 294 296 300	339		352	359	365	379		407							220			220 254
Gridleak resistance (R _g)			296- 307			296- 307		345 348								425								
•Effect on amplitude stability			296- 308	273		296- 308						379												
•Effect on frequency stability			245 296- 298	273		281 282 296- 298	341 342																	
•Effect on oscillator keying			296 304 305			296 304 305																		
•Effect on output control		306	296 301- 303 305	273		296 301- 303 315	340 341																	
•Value of		306	296- 308			277 278 282 296- 308 311 313	333 341	348	352			387 398		417- 420	422								438	438

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Grid losses			296 297 307 308			296 297 308	331																	
•Effect on feedback Q (Q_f)				271 273		281 282 284 297 298 321	332																	
•Effect on grid capacitance		298				298																		
•Effect on oscillator stability			308	214 271 273 296 297		282 284 296 297 300- 303 321	332 341				367 368		392											
•Effect on state of oscillation																								

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	
CRYSTAL OSCILLATOR DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS (Continued)																									
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Harmonic of crystal (See also Crystal element characteris- tics.)	75- 86		183 192 197	276	207				351	363	364 365 373 374	376 377 391	403 405	407 414 417 418			428	428	428						
•Overtone versus fundamental			253- 255	276		277	339		351		364	376 377 387	392							433					
Harmonics of oscillator	265 266																								
•Generation of		595- 598	245 304 311 322			311 322 325					375	376 387 388 390						431			437		438- 441 455 464 473 478 519 530	438- 440 2-111	
•In output		595- 598	245 249 304 305 311 322 582			311 322 325				356 359	356	356 388 390	356	356	356	356	356	356 431	356	356	356	356 437	541 551 558 572	438- 440 445 537 538	438- 440
•Reduction of		595	245 249 308 311 322			277 308 311 321 322	329 343			359		387								435		551 558	452 525- 529		
Heterodyne circuits (See Fre- quency-mixing circuits.)																									
Impedance inversion		426	426- 428																						

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•Application of			426-432														427 429	427 430 431	427 432		436		440	436 440
•Analysis of basic circuit for			426 427																					
Impedance of crystal unit			203 204 209 426 427 584	213 214 270 276 317	355	277 279 284 285 290 317	333 336 340	348	351	357 358	366- 368	377 379 385 391	393 394 401- 403 405	411- 418	422	423- 425	426 427 429	426 427 430 431	426 427 432	433 434	436	540 547 550 555- 559		436
•Response to changes in frequency			202 203 209 210 217 238 239 245	213 214 243 244 273 287 288 317	240- 242 254	287 288 291 298 317	340	348			366	386	396											
Inductance (See also Coils, inductors.)																								
•Antiresonant			248		355		329	347			365	376 381- 383 385 388	393 394	406 407 417- 420	422	425						542 543		
•Circuit		306 322	305 322 426 427	271		277 283 322 323	328 329 332 338 340 343 344				365- 367 374		393 394	406 407 417- 420	422	425	426 427 429	426 427	426 427 432		277 436	542 543 551	438	436 438
•Distributed			182 186 187 217		205 207 355					358 363	365	389	393	417 418										219
•Dynamic						278 280					369													
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•Magnitude of			245			290 293 298 302 309 310 312- 316 566 567	336 339 340 341	348	352	362	369 372	379 384 387 391 568	403	412 415 417 418 420			429	430	432						

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•Crystal-circuit			300 426 427 584	214 283 584	240- 242 249 355 584	279 289 297 298 300	331			360	367 368	379 386 387	393 396 401	413 415- 420	422		426 427 429	426 427	426 427	433 435	436		436
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•Effective, of crystal unit (R_e , R_{em} —also R , R_m for series- mode crystals)			204 205 209 261 311 583 584	217 224 232 233 271 427 584 586	220 229 241 355 584 586	278- 281 284 285 290 293 295 297 300 301 303 311- 316 320	332 333 336 339		353	357 358 361 362	368	376 379 385 386 387 391	393 394 396 401- 405	406 409 411- 420	422	423- 425		427	427	433 434	436	540	436

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